

# Tripura University 

(A Central University)
Suryamaninagar
West Tripura

Syllabus for
Four Years Undergraduate Programme
Subject: Mathematics
(As per NEP-2020)

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\text { Year - } 2023
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Tripura University
(A Central University)

## Course Structure of MATHEMATICS (UG Programme) As per NEP-2020 under Tripura University

| Year | Semester | Paper | Course Content | Credit | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1{ }^{\text {st }}$ | I | MT101C <br> Theory | Foundations and Classical algebra | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | I | MT102C <br> Theory | Matrix theory and 2dimensional geometry | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | II | MT201C Theory | Differential Calculus | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | II | MT202C Theory | Basic abstract algebra and 3dimensional geometry | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ | III | MT301C Theory | Ordinary and Partial differential equations | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | III | MT302C Theory | Analysis 1 | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | IV | MT401C <br> Theory | Linear Algebra and Complex Analysis | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | IV | MT402C Theory | Integral and Vector Calculus | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ | V | MT501C <br> Theory | Linear programming and Game theory | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | V | MT502C Theory | Advanced abstract algebra and number theory | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | V | MT503C Theory | Probability and Statistics | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | V | MT504C <br> Theory | Dynamics and Tensors | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | VI | MT601C Theory | Analysis 2 | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | VI | MT602C Theory | Numerical Analysis and Integral Transforms | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | VI | $\begin{gathered} \text { MT603C } \\ \text { Theory } \end{gathered}$ | Python programming with Practical | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | VI | MT604C | Project/Practical | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |


| $4^{\text {th }}$ | VII | MT701C | * | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | VII | MT702C | * | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | VII | MT703C | * | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | VII | MT704C | * | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | VIII | MT801C | * | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | VIII | MT802C | * | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | VIII | MT803C | * | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | VIII | MT804C | * | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |

*to be finalised later on...

## DETAILED COURSE CONTENT OF MATHEMATICS MAJOR

$1^{\text {ST }}$ YEAR

## SEMESTER I

## Paper- 1 (Theory)

## MT101C: Foundations and Classical algebra

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\text { Total Mark }=100(\mathrm{IA}=40+\text { ESE }=60) \text { Credit }=04
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## Unit-1

Statements, quantifiers, negation, compound statements (conjunction, disjunction, conditional and bi-conditional), contra-positive statement, proofs in Mathematics.
Brief review of sets, finite, countable and arbitrary union and intersection of sets; power set, cartesian product.
Equivalence relations, equivalence classes, partition, fundamental theorem of equivalence relation.
Functions, injection, surjection and bijection; image and pre-image of set under function, composition of functions, invertible functions.

## Unit-2

Partial order relation, poset, chain, upper \& lower bounds in poset, greatest \& least elements, maximal \& minimal elements, Axiom of choice. Zorn's lemma, equivalence of the two Peano's axioms, principle of mathematical induction (in all forms), well ordering principle, finite and infinite sets, countable and uncountable sets, Schroder-Bernstein theorem.

## Unit-3

Inequalities involving arithmetic, geometric, and harmonic means, theorem on weighted means, Cauchy-Schwarz inequality, m-th power theorem, Weierstrass inequality and their applications.

Polynomials, The remainder and factor theorems, Synthetic division, Factored form of a polynomial, G.C.D. of polynomials, Fundamental theorem of algebra (statement only), Relations between the roots and the coefficients of polynomial equations, Imaginary roots, Integral and rational roots, irrational roots.

## Unit-4

Transformation of equations, reciprocal equations, Descarte's rule of sign. Elementary theorems on the roots of an equations including Cardan'smethod of solution of cubics, Ferrari's method and Descarte's method of solution of quartics.

## Suggested books:

1. Kumar A, Kumaresan S and Sarma B. K.: A foundation course in Mathematics; Narosa publications
2. Mapa S.K.: Classical Algebra; Levant publications
3. Khan R.M.: Algebra; NCBA

Paper- 2 (Theory)
MATH102: Matrix theory and 2-dimensional geometry
Total Mark $=100(\mathbf{I A}=40+$ ESE $=60)$ Credit $=04$

## Unit-1

Matrices and System of linear equations(homogeneous and non-homogeneous), Matrix operations, Symmetric, skew-symmetric, orthogonal, Hermitian, skew- Hermitian and unitary matrices, Determinant of a square matrix, The inverse of a square matrix (upto order 3). Solution of system of linear equations by matrix method (upto order 3). Transpose of matrices. Elementary operations and elementary matrices, Reduced Row-Echelon form and its relevance to system of linear systems.

## Unit-2

The rank of a matrix and its properties, applications of rank of a matrix in checking the consistency of a system of linear equations and solving the system if it is consistent.

Vectors in $\mathrm{R}^{\mathrm{n}}$ with more emphasis on $\mathrm{R}^{2}$ and $\mathrm{R}^{3}$, addition and scalar multiplication of vectors and their properties, linear combination of vectors of $\mathrm{R}^{\mathrm{n}}$. Linear span, Linear independence and linear dependence of vectors of $\mathrm{R}^{\mathrm{n}}$.

Eigenvectors and eigen values of a real square matrix, The characteristic equation and the CayleyHamilton theorem, Characteristics polynomial \& minimal polynomials, Simple properties of eigenvalues and eigenvectors.

## Unit-3

Transformation of rectangular axes, translation, rotation and their combinations, theory of invariants. General equation of second degree in two variables and the conditions for representing a pair of straight lines, a parabola, an ellipse and a circle, reduction into canonical form, lengths and position of the axes.

The equation of tangent, condition of tangency of a line, equation of normal, pair of tangents and director circle, chord of contact, pole and polar, chord in terms of middle points, diameter and conjugate diameters.

## Unit-4

Pair of straight lines: Condition that the general equation of second degree in two variables may represent a pair of straight lines. Point of intersection of two intersecting straight lines, angle between two lines given by $\mathrm{ax}^{2}+2 h x y+b y^{2}=0$, equation of bisectors of the anglebetween the pair of straight lines, equation of two lines joining the origin to the point in which two curves meet.

Polar coordinates, polar equation of straight lines, circles, parabolas, hyperbolas and ellipses referred to a focus as pole, equation of chord, tangent and normal.

## Suggested books:

1. Mapa S.K.: Higher Algebra (Abstract and Linear); Levant publications
2. Khan R.M.: Algebra; NCBA
3. Sengupta S.B.: Coordinate geometry and vector analysis
4. Khan R.M.: Analytical geometry of two and three dimensions and vector analysis; NCBA
5. Loney S.L.: The elements of coordinate geometry; Arihant publications.
6. Fenn R: Geometry; Springer publications.

## SEMESTER II

## Paper- 3 (Theory)

## MATH201: Differential Calculus

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\text { Total Mark }=100(\text { IA }=40+\text { ESE }=60) \text { Credit }=04
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## Unit-1

Limits of functions (epsilon $-\delta$ approach), uniqueness of limit, algebra of limits, continuity, examples of continuous functions, types of discontinuities, intermediate value theorem, Differentiability and its geometrical interpretation, higher order derivatives, Leibniz rule and its applications. Rolle's theorem, Lagrange's mean value theorem, Cauchy's mean value theorem and their geometrical interpretations, Darboux's theorem. Indeterminate forms, L'Hospital's rule.

## Unit-2

Taylor's theorem with Lagrange's form of remainder, Taylor's theorem with Cauchy's form of remainder, application of Taylor's theorem to convex functions, relative extrema. Taylor's series and Maclaurin's seriesexpansions of some basic functions.

Functions of several variables, limit and continuity of functions of two variables, repeated limits.

## Unit-3

Partial differentiation, chain rule, change of variables, total derivative, equality of mixed partial derivatives, Euler's theorem for homogeneous functions of two and three variables, converse of Euler's theorem, Jacobian, functional dependence.

Tangent planes and normal lines. Envelopes and evolutes.
Criteria for Maxima/ Minima/ Saddle points, method of Lagrange multipliers, constrained optimization problems.

## Unit-4

Curvature - Radius of curvature, centre of curvature, chord of curvature; Asymptotes of general algebraic curves(Cartesian and polar); Symmetry, Concavity and convexity, Points of inflection, Tangents at origin, Multiple points, Position and nature of double points; Tracing of Cartesian, polar and parametric curves.

## Suggested books:

1. Maity and Ghosh: Analysis (Differential Calculus); Central publications.
2. Shanti Narayan and Mittal P.K.: Differential Calculus, S. Chand publications.
3. Pundir S.K.: Mathematical Analysis; CBS publishers.
4. Klymchuk S: Counterexamples in Calculus; Mathematical Association of America.
5. Marsden, Tromba and Weinstein: Basic Multivariable Calculus; Springer.

## Paper- 4 (Theory)

MATH202: Basic abstract algebra and 3-dimensional geometry

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\text { Total Mark }=100(\mathrm{IA}=40+\text { ESE }=60) \text { Credit }=04
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## Unit-1

Binary operations, groupoid, semigroup, monoid, Groups, Abelian groups, Examples of groups: viz matrix groups, general linear and special linear groups, groups of integers modulo n, group of units modulo n , and other examples of groups. Elementary properties of groups, subgroups, necessary and sufficient condition for subgroups, intersection, union and product of subgroups, centre of agroup, centralizer of an element, subgroup generated by an element.

## Unit-2

Cyclic groups, examples and various properties, generators of a cyclic group, Fundamental theorem of finite cyclic groups and it's applications; order of a group and order of an element and their properties, related theorems.

Rings, commutative rings, rings with unity, divisors of zero, integral domains, division rings, fields. Definition, examples, simple properties following from the definition. Subring, subfield, necessary and sufficient conditions for these, examples; characteristic of a ring.

## Unit-3

Planes: Equation of a plane in general form, intercept and normal form, Distance of a point from a plane, Angle between two planes, pair of planes, Bisectors of angles between two planes;

Straight lines: Equations of straight lines, Distance of a point from a straight line, Distance between two straight lines, Distance between a straight line and a plane;

Spheres: Different forms, Intersection of two spheres, Orthogonal intersection, section of a sphere by a plane, great circle, sphere through a given circle, Tangents and normal, Radical plane, Radical line, Coaxial system of spheres, Pole, Polar and Conjugacy.

## Unit-4

Space curves, Algebraic curves, Ruled surfaces, Some standard surfaces, Classification of quadric surfaces, Cone, Cylinder, Central conicoids - Ellipsoid, Hyperboloid of one and two sheets, Tangent plane, Normal, Polar planes, and Polar lines. Enveloping cone, enveloping cylinder.

## Suggested books:

1. Mapa S.K.: Higher Algebra (Abstract and Linear), Levant publications.
2. Gallian J.: Contemporary Abstract Algebra, Narosa publications.
3. Khanna V. and Bhambri S.K.: Abstract Algebra, Vikas publications.
4. Herstein I.N.: Topics in Algebra; Wiley publications.
5. Dummit and Foote: Abstract Algebra; Wiley publications.
6. Khan R.M.: Analytical geometry of two and three dimensions and vector analysis; NCBA.
7. Sengupta S.B.: Coordinate geometry and vector analysis.
8. Fenn R: Geometry; Springer publications.
$2^{\text {ND }}$ YEAR

## SEMESTER III

Paper- 5 (Theory)

## MATH301: Ordinary and Partial Differential Equations

Total Mark $=100(\mathrm{IA}=\mathbf{4 0}+\mathrm{ESE}=\mathbf{6 0})$ Credit $=\mathbf{0 4}$

## Unit-1

Significance of ordinary differential equation. Geometrical and physical consideration. Formation of differential equation by elimination of arbitrary constant. Order and degree of an ordinary differential equation, Meaning of the solution of ordinary differential equation. General, particular, explicit, implicit and singularsolutions of a differential equation, Concept of linear and non-linear differential equations. Wronskian and its properties.

Exact differential equations and integrating factors, separable equations and equations reducible to this form, homogeneous equations, linear equations and Bernoulli equations, special integrating factors and transformations.

Equations of first order but not of first degree, Clairaut's equation. Singular solution.
Applications: Geometric applications, Orthogonal trajectories.

## Unit-2

Solutions of linear equations of higher order with constant coefficients(upto $4^{\text {th }}$ order), Complementary function, Particular Integral, Symbolic operator D, Method of undetermined coefficients, method of variation of parameters.

General solution of homogeneous equation of second order, linear homogeneous and nonhomogeneous equations, principle of superposition for linear homogeneous equation, method of variation of parameters, Solutions of second order linear equationswith variable coefficients.

## Unit-3

Reduction to normal form. Change of independent variable.
Simultaneous differential equations and total differential equations. Simple Eigen value problems. Introduction to compartmental model, exponential decay model, lake pollution model (case study of lake burley griffin), drug assimilation into the blood (case of a single cold pill, case of a course of cold pills), exponential growth of population, limited growth of population, limited growth with harvesting.

## Unit-4

Partial differential equations - basic concepts and definitions, mathematical problems, first order equations, classification, construction and geometrical interpretation, some exact solutions of lower order non-linear PDE (method of inspection)

Canonical forms of first-order linear equations, method of separation of variables for solvingfirst order partial differential equations, Langrange's equation and it's solutions

## Suggested books:

1. Ross S.L.: Differential Equations, 3rd Ed., John Wiley and Sons, India, 2004.
2. Ahsan Z: Differential Equations \& their applications, Prentice Hall of India.
3. Raisinghania M.D.: Ordinary Differential Equations; S.Chand and Sons.
4. Kapur J.N.; Mathematical Modelling; New Age International Publishers.
5. Raisinghania M.D.: Advanced Differential Equations; S. Chand and Sons.
6. Amaranath T.: Partial Differential Equations, Narosa Publications.
7. Boyce D Prima: Differential Equations, Wiley publications.

## Paper- 6 (Theory)

## MATH302: Analysis 1

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\text { Total Mark }=100(\mathrm{IA}=40+\text { ESE }=60) \text { Credit }=04
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## Unit-1

Review of algebraic and order properties of $R$, neighborhood of a point in $R$, idea of countable sets, uncountable sets and uncountability of R . Bounded above sets, bounded below sets, bounded sets, unbounded sets, supremum (l.u.b) and infimum (g.l.b), the completeness property of R, the Archimedean property, density of rational (and irrational) numbers in R, intervals in R. Limit points of a set, isolated points, derived sets, open and closed sets, closure of a set, BolzanoWeierstrass theorem for sets.

## Unit-2

Sequences, bounded sequence, convergent sequence, limit of a sequence, limit theorems, monotone sequences, monotone convergence theorem.

Subsequences, divergence criteria, monotone subsequence theorem, Bolzano Weierstrass theorem for sequences, Cauchy sequence, Cauchy's convergence criterion.

Sequential criterion for limits, divergence criteria. Sequential criterion for continuity and discontinuity.

## Unit-3

Infinite series, convergence and divergence of infinite series, Cauchy criterion, tests for convergence: comparison test, limit comparison test, ratio test, Cauchy's nth root test, Raabe's test, Gauss test, Logarithmic test, integral test, alternating series, Leibniz test, absolute and conditional convergence, rearrangement of series.

Differentiability of a function at a point and in an interval, Caratheodory's theorem, algebra of differentiable functions, relative extrema, interior extremum theorem.

## Unit-4

Uniform continuity, non-uniform continuity criteria via sequences, algebra of uniformly continuous functions, uniform continuity theorems, sufficient condition for uniform continuity using derivative, Lipchitz's continuity.

## Suggested books:

1. Bartle R.G.and Sherbert D.R., Introduction to Real Analysis, 3rd Ed., John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd., Singapore, 2002.
2. Kumar A and Kumaresan S: A basic course in Real Analysis, CRC Press.
3. Goldberg R.R.: Real Analysis.
4. Ross K.A.: Elementary Analysis; Springer publications.
5. Gelbaum and Olmsted: Counterexamples in Analysis; Dover publications.

## SEMESTER IV

## Paper- 7 (Theory)

## MATH401: Linear Algebra and Complex analysis

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\text { Total Mark }=100(\text { IA }=40+\text { ESE }=60) \text { Credit }=04
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## Unit-1

Vector spaces, subspaces, algebra of subspaces, quotient spaces, linear combination of vectors, linear span, linear dependence and independence, basis and dimension. Sums, direct sums of subspaces.

## Unit-2

Linear transformations, null space, range, rank and nullity of a linear transformation, matrix representation of a linear transformation. Algebra of linear transformations, isomorphisms, isomorphism theorems, invertibility and isomorphisms, change of basis.

## Unit-3

Eigen spaces of a linear operator, Characteristic polynomial, minimal polynomial for a linear operator. Cayley-Hamilton theorem

Inner product spaces and norms, Cauchy-Schwartz inequality, Gram-Schmidt orthogonalisation process, orthogonal complements, orthonormal vectors.

## Unit-4

Polar representation of complex numbers, De Moivre's theorem for rational indices, related problems, expansions of $\sin n \theta, \cos n \theta, \sin \theta, \cos \theta$, trigonometric, exponential and logarithmic functions of complex arguments, Gregory's series.

Algebra of complex numbers, polar representation of complex numbers, geometrical interpretation of argument and modulus of complex numbers, complex equations of straight lines, circles. Limits, continuity of functions of complex variable, regions in the complex plane.

Derivatives, differentiation formulae, Cauchy-Riemann equations, sufficient conditions for differentiability, analytic functions, examples of analytic functions, exponential function, Logarithmic function, trigonometric function.

## Suggested books:

1. Mapa S. K.: Higher Algebra (Abstract and Linear); Levant publications.
2. Lipschutz S., and Lipson M: Linear Algebra; Schaum Series.
3. Pundir S. K.: A Competitive Approach to Linear Algebra, CBS Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
4. Ponnusamy S.: Foundations of Complex Analysis, Narosa Publishers.
5. Spiegel M.R.: Complex Analysis; McGraw Hill Publications.
6. Kumaresan S: A pathway to complex analysis; Techno world.

## Paper- 8 (Theory)

## MATH402: Integral and vector calculus

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\text { Total Mark }=100(\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \text { Credit }=04
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## Unit-1

Reduction formulae, derivations and illustrations of reduction formulae of the type $\sin ^{n} x, \cos ^{n} x$, $\tan ^{\mathrm{n}} \mathrm{x}, \sec ^{\mathrm{n}} \mathrm{x}, \log \mathrm{x}, \sin ^{\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{x} \cos ^{\mathrm{n}} \mathrm{x}$ etc.

Geometric interpretation of definite integral, Fundamental theorem of integral calculus, area enclosed by plane curves, Cartesian and Parametric equations of plane curves, rectification of plane curves; volume and surface areas of solids of revolution.

## Unit-2

Double integration over rectangular region, double integration over non-rectangular region, Double integrals in polar co-ordinates, Triple integrals, Triple integral over a parallelepiped and solid regions, volume by triple integrals, cylindrical and spherical co-ordinates. Change of variables in double integrals and triple integrals, Change of order of integration in double integral, Dirichlet integrals.

## Unit-3

Vector point functions, limits, continuity and differentiation of vector functions. Definition of vector field, gradient, divergence, curl and Laplacian. Line integrals, Applications of line integrals. Mass and work.

## Unit-4

Fundamental theorem for line integrals, conservative vector fields, independence of path, Green's theorem, surface integrals, integrals over parametricallydefined surfaces, Volume integrals. Green's theorem, Stoke's theorem, the Gauss divergence theorem. Their Applications.

## Suggested books:

1. Das B.C. and Mukherjee B.N.; Integral Calculus, U.N. Dhur and Sons.
2. Spiegel M.R.; Vector Analysis, McGraw Hill.
3. Thomas G.B. and Finney R.L.; Calculus, 9th Ed., Pearson Education, Delhi, 2005.
4. Shantinarayan and Mittal P.K.: Integral Calculus; S. Chand and Sons.
5. Klymchuk S: Counterexamples in Calculus; Mathematical Association of America.
6. Marsden, Tromba and Weinstein: Basic Multivariable Calculus; Springer.
7. Jain, R. K. and Iyengar, S. R. K. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Third Edition, (Narosa publishing house, India).
8. Ramana, B. V. Higher Engineering Mathematics, (McGraw Hill, India).

## SEMESTER V

## Paper-9 (Theory)

## MATH501: Linear programming and Game theory

Total Mark $=100(\mathrm{IA}=\mathbf{4 0}+\mathrm{ESE}=60)$ Credit $=\mathbf{0 4}$

## Unit-1:

Formulation, Canonical and standard forms, Graphical method; Convex and polyhedral sets, Hyperplanes, Extreme points; Basic solutions, Basic Feasible Solutions, Reduction of feasible solution to basic feasible solution, Correspondence between basic feasible solutions and extreme points; Slack and surplus variables, Standard form of an LPP.

## Unit-2:

Optimality criterion, Improving a basic feasible solution, Unboundedness, Unique and alternate optimal solutions; Simplex algorithm and its tableau format; Artificial variables, Big- $M$ method, Two-phase method.

## Unit-3:

Formulation of the dual problem, primal-dual relationships, Duality theorems, Complimentary slackness theorem, Economic interpretation of the dual, Dual-simplex method.

Transportation Problem: Definition and formulation, Methods of finding initial basic feasible solutions: Northwest-corner rule, Row minima, Column minima, matrix minima, Least- cost method, Vogel approximation method; Unbalanced transportation problems, Optimality tests for transportation problems and MODI method for obtaining optimal solution, degeneracy in transportation problems;.

Assignment Problem: Mathematical formulation and Hungarian method.

## Unit-4:

Game Theory: Formulation and solution of two-person zero-sum games, Games with mixedstrategies, Linear programming method for solving a game.

## Suggested books:

1. Paul R. Thie \& Gerard E. Keough (2014). An Introduction to Linear Programming and Game Theory (3rd edition). Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
2. Frederick S. Hillier \& Gerald J. Lieberman (2015). Introduction to Operations Research (10th edition). McGraw-Hill Education.
3. J.G. Chakraborty and P.R.Ghosh; Linear Programming and Game theory; MoulikLibrary.
4. P.M.Karak; Linear Programming and theory of games; New Central Book Agency

## Paper-10 (Theory)

## MATH502: Advanced Abstract Algebra and Number Theory

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\text { Total Mark }=100(\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \text { Credit }=04
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## Unit-1

Properties of cosets, Lagrange's theorem and it's corollaries, Fermat's Little theorem, Normal subgroups, examples and related theorems, Simple groups, Factor groups, Cauchy's theorem for finite abelian groups; Normalizer.

Permutations, permutations on $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$, Cycle notation for permutations, Properties of permutations, Even and odd permutations, alternating groups, Cayley's theorem and its applications.

## Unit-2

Group homomorphisms, Properties of homomorphisms, Group isomorphisms, Properties of isomorphisms; First, second and third isomorphism theorems for groups; ring homomorphisms, theorems on ring homomorphisms (isomorphism theorems); Ideals - prime and maximal ideals, examples and properties, quotient rings, Generation of polynomial ring from a commutative ring with unity.

## Unit-3

Divisibility, Euclid's division algorithm, greatest common divisor (g.c.d.), least common multiple. Relatively prime integers. The equation $a x+b y=c$ has integral solution iff $(a, b)$ divides $c .(a, b, c$ are integers). Prime numbers. Euclid's first theorem: If some prime $p$ divides $a b$, then $p$ divides either a or b. Euclid's second theorem: There are infinitely many prime integers. Factorization in prime numbers, fundamental theorem of arithmetic.

Linear Diophantine equation, prime counting function, statement of prime number theorem, Goldbach conjecture, perfect numbers, Mersenne numbers, Fermat numbers, linear congruences, complete set of residues, Chinese Remainder theorem,Fermat's Little theorem, Wilson's theorem.

## Unit-4

Number theoretic functions, sum and number of divisors, totally multiplicative functions, definition and properties of the Dirichlet product, the Mobius Inversion formula.
The greatest integer function, Euler's $\varphi$-function, Euler's theorem, reduced set of residues, some properties of Euler's phi-function.
Order of an integer modulo $n$, primitive roots for primes, composite numbers having primitive roots.

## Suggested books:

1. Mapa S.K.: Higher Algebra (Abstract and Linear), Levant publications.
2. Gallian J.A.: Contemporary Abstract Algebra, Narosa publications.
3. Khanna V. and Bhambri S.K.: Abstract Algebra, Vikas publications.
4. Herstein I.N.: Topics in Algebra; Wiley publications.
5. Dummit and Foote: Abstract Algebra; Wiley publications.
6. Musili C.: Rings and Modules; Narosa publications.
7. Elementary Number Theory, David. M. Burton, MacGrawHill.
8. Malik S.B.: Basic Number Theory.

## Paper-11 (Theory)

## MATH503: Probability and Statistics

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\text { Total Mark }=100(\mathbf{I A}=40+\text { ESE }=60) \text { Credit }=04
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## Unit-1

Brief review of Measures of Central Tendency. Measures of Dispersion: Definition, properties (without proof) and calculation of Range, Quartile Deviation, Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation and coefficient of variation. Definition and calculation of moments, skewness and kurtosis.

## Unit-2

Correlation and Regression: Concept of bivariate frequency distribution, marginal frequency distribution and conditional frequency distribution. Pearson's correlation coefficient: Definition, properties and calculation. Regression: Definition and different properties, fitting of regression lines by method of least squares. Curve fitting: Second degree polynomial and exponential.

## Unit-3

Probability and Random Variables: Axiomatic and empirical definitions of probability, Independent and dependent events, Conditional probability and Baye's theorem; Discrete and continuous random variables and their probability distributions, Cumulative distribution function, $n$th Moments, Moment generating function, Characteristic function.

## Univariate Distributions:

Discrete distributions: Bernoulli trials and Bernoulli distribution, Binomial and Poisson distributions; Continuous distributions: Uniform, Geometric, Gamma, Exponential, Chi-square, Beta and normal distributions; Normal approximation to the binomial distribution, Central limit theorem.

## Unit-4

## Bivariate Distribution:

Joint cumulative distribution function and its properties, Joint probability density function, Marginal distributions, Expectation of function of two random variables, Joint moment generating function, Conditional distributions and expectations, Independence of bivariate random variables.

The Correlation coefficient, Covariance, Calculation of covariance from joint moment generating function, Linear regression for two variables, The method of least squares, Bivariate normal distribution.

## Suggested books:

1. S.C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor: Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, Sultan Chand andSons.
2. Sheldon Ross: Introduction to Probability Models, 9th Ed., Academic Press, IndianReprint, 2007.
3. Medhi, J.: Statistical Methods: An introductory Text, (New Age International (P) Ltd, 2000).

## Paper-12 (Theory)

## MATH504: Dynamics and Tensors

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\text { Total Mark }=100(\mathbf{I A}=40+\text { ESE }=60) \text { Credit }=04
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## Unit-1

Expression for velocity and acceleration of particle moving in a straight line and in a planecurve.
Rectilinear motion of a particle under attractive force.
Simple Harmonic Motion, damped vibrations, forced vibration, damped forced oscillationsTangent and normal acceleration. Velocity and acceleration along radial and transverse directions.

## Unit-2

Central orbits, central forces, motion of a particle under central force. Differential equation inpolar and pedal coordinates, velocity under central force. Apse, apsidal distance and apsidal angle. Areal velocity, Characteristics of central orbits, Kepler's laws of planetary motion, artificial satellite and stationary orbit. Motion in resisting medium.

## Unit-3

Summation convension, Kronecker symbol, n-dimensional space, transformation of coordinate axes in $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{n}}$, Invariants, covariant and contravariant vectors, Covariant, contravariant and mixed tensors,. Algebra of Tensors. Symmetric and skew-symmetric tensors, Contraction, outer and inner product of tensors, Quotient law, reciprocal tensors. Riemann space, the line element and metric tensor, raising and lowering of indices, associate tensor, magnitude of a vector, inclination of two vectors, orthogonal vectors, parallel vectors, Christoffel symbols and their properties, transformation lawof Christoffel symbols.

## Unit-4

Covariant differentiation of tensors, covariant differentiation of sum, difference and product of tensors. Gradient, divergence, curl and Laplacian. Curvilinear coordinate system in $\mathrm{E}^{3}$ : line element, lengthy of vector, angle between two vectors in $\mathrm{E}^{3}$ in a curvilinear coordinate system. Basis in a curvilinear coordinate system, reciprocal base, covariant and contravariant components of a vector in $E^{3}$, partial derivative of a vector. Sperical and cylindrical coordinate system.

Curves in $\mathrm{E}^{3}$. Parallel vector fields along a curve in $\mathrm{E}^{3}$, parallel vector field in $\mathrm{E}^{3}$, parallel vector space in a Riemannian space, parallel vector field in a surface of a Riemannian space. Serret-Frenet formulas.

## Suggested books:

1. De U.C. , Shaikh A.A. , Sengupta J.: Tensor Calculus; Narosa Publications.
2. Chaki M.C.: Tensor Calculus; Calcutta publishers.
3. Datta N. and Jana R.N.: Dynamics of a Particle.
4. Chakraborty and Ghosh: Dynamics of Particle and Rigid bodies; U N Dhur and Sons.
5. Loney, S. L., Elements of Statics \& Dynamics, Part I (Maxford Books, 2003).
6. Rao, S. Engineering Mechanics - Statics and Dynamics (Pearson Education, 2008).

## SEMESTER VI

## Paper-13 (Theory)

## MATH601: Analysis 2

$$
\text { Total Mark }=100(\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \text { Credit }=04
$$

## Unit-1

Riemann integration; inequalities of upper and lower sums; Riemann conditions of integrability. Riemann sum and definition of Riemann integral through Riemann sums; equivalence of two definitions; Riemann integrability of monotone and continuous functions

Properties of the Riemann integral; definition and integrability of piecewise continuous and monotone functions. Intermediate Value theorem for Integrals; Fundamental theorems of Calculus, Mean value theorems, Riemann integrability of composition of Riemann integrable functions.

## Unit-2

Definition and examples of metric spaces, Open spheres and closed spheres,
Neighbourhoods, Open sets, Interior, exterior and boundary points, Closed sets, Limit points and isolated points, Interior and closure of a set, Boundary of a set, Bounded sets, Distance between two sets, Diameter of a set, Subspace of a metric space.

## Unit-3

Pointwise and uniform convergence of sequence and series of functions, definitions, examples, simple problems, Cauchy criterion for uniform convergence and Weierstrass M-Test. Limit superior and Limit inferior, power series, radius of convergence, Cauchy Hadamard theorem.

## Unit-4

Improper integrals and their convergence, Dirichlet test and Abel's test for improper integrals.Beta and Gamma functions.
Fourier cosine and sine series, Fourier series, Differentiation and integration of Fourier series, Absolute and uniform convergence of Fourier series, Bessel's inequality, The complex form of Fourier series.

## Suggested books:

1. Mapa S.K.: Real Analysis; Levant Publications
2. Maity and Ghosh: Analysis (Integral Calculus); NCBA
3. Bartle R.G. and Sherbert D.R.: Introduction to Real Analysis, 3rd Ed., John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd., Singapore, 2002.
4. Karunakaran V.: Real Analysis; Pearson.
5. Bartle R.G.: A Modern Theory of Integration; AMS.
6. Gelbaum and Olmsted: Counterexamples in Analysis; Dover publications.

## Paper-14 (Theory)

## MATH602: Numerical Analysis and Integral Transforms

$$
\text { Total Mark }=100(\text { IA }=40+\text { ESE }=60) \text { Credit }=04
$$

## Unit-1

Approximate numbers, significant figures, errors: relative, absolute and percentage. rounding off, truncation. Definition and properties of finite difference operators, shift operator.

Interpolation: Newton's forward, backward formulae, Lagrange's formula. related problems. Differentiation formula based on Newton forward and backward formula. Inverse interpolation.

Numerical integration : General quadrature formula - Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's $1 / 3$ rule, Simpson's 3/8 rule, Weddle's rule.

## Unit-2

Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations : Taylor series method, Picard's method, Euler's method, modified Euler's method, Runge-Kutta method.

Transcendental and polynomial equations : bisection method, regula-falsi method, secant method, Newton-Raphson method, iteration method, rates of convergence of these methods, related problems.

System of linear algebraic equations: Gaussian Elimination and Gauss -Jordan methods including matrix inversion, Gauss- Seidel method and their convergence, related problems.

## Unit-3

Laplace transform, Linearity, Existence theorem, Laplace transforms of derivatives and integrals, Shifting theorems, Change of scale property, Laplace transforms of periodic functions, Dirac's delta function.

Convolution theorem, Inverse Laplace transform, Linearity property of inverse Laplace transform, Translations theorems of inverse Laplace transform, Applications of Laplace transform in obtaining solutions of ordinary differential equations.

## Unit-4

Fourier and inverse Fourier transforms, Fourier sine and cosine transforms, Inverse Fourier sine and cosine transforms, Linearity property, Change of scale property, Shifting property, Modulation theorem, Relation between Fourier and Laplace transforms. Convolution theorem for Fourier transform, Parseval's identity for Fourier transform. Finite Fourier sine and cosine transform.

## Suggested books:

1. Mukherjee Kalyan: Numerical Analysis; NCBA.
2. Mollah S.A.; Numerical Analysis and Computational procedures; Books and Allied Pvt. Ltd.
3. Scarborough J.B.; Numerical mathematical analysis; Oxford University Press.
4. Rao G.S. ; Numerical Analysis; New Age International.
5. Chakraborty and Ghosh; Numerical Analysis; U.N. Dhur and sons.
6. Jain M.K., Iyengar S.R.K. and Jain R.K., Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, 6th Ed., New age International Publisher, India, 2007.
7. Erwin Kreyszig (2011). Advanced Engineering Mathematics (10th edition). Wiley.
8. Ross, S.L., Differential equationsm 3rd edition, (Wiley, 2016).

## Paper-15 (Theory and Practical))

## MATH603: Python programming with practical

$$
\text { Total Mark }=100(\text { IA }=40+\text { ESE }=60) \text { Credit }=04(\text { Th-02, P-02 })
$$

## Unit-1

Introduction to Python Programming: Features, basic syntax, Writing and executing simple program, Basic Data Types such as numbers, strings, etc Declaring variables, Performing assignments, arithmetic operations, Simple input-output.

Sequence Control - Precedence of operators, Type conversionConditional Statements: if, if-else, nested if -else

Looping: for, while, nested loops

## Unit-2

Control statements: Terminating loops, skipping specific conditionsString Manipulation: declaring strings, string functions Manipulating Collections Lists, Tuples

Dictionaries - Concept of dictionary, techniques to create, update \& delete dictionary items. Functions: Defining a function, calling a function, Advantages of functions, types of functions, function parameters, Formal parameters, Actual parameters, anonymous functions, global and local variables.

## Practical

## Group-A

1. Ascending / Descending order. Finding Largest / smallest.
2. Sum of finite series.
3. Sum of Convergent series.
4. Checking whether a number is prime or not. Generation of prime numbers.
5. Solution of Quadratic equation
6. Mean, variance, correlation coefficient, equation of regression lines.
7. Operations on integers, matrices,
8. Drawing graphs of functions,
9. Generating diagrams of surface areas and volumes under surfaces of revolution.

## Group-B

1. Newton's forward interpolation formula.
2. Newton's Backward interpolation formula.
3. Lagrange interpolation formula.
4. Bisection method.
5. Newton-Raphson method.
6. Regula Falsi method.
7. Trapezoidal Rule.
8. Simpson's $1 / 3$ rule.

## Suggested books:

1. Yashavant Kanetkar, Aditya Kanetkar: Let Us Python, $5^{\text {th }}$ Edition, BPB Publications.
2. M. Lutz: Learning Python, $5^{\text {th }}$ Edition, O'Reilly Media(2013).

## Paper-16

MATH604: Project work/Practical

$$
\text { Total Mark }=100(\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \text { Credit }=04
$$

Based on topics studied during the programme. Details and modalities to be finalized later.

## Tripura University

(A Central University)

## Course Structure of MATHEMATICS (UG Programme) As per NEP-2020 under Tripura University

MATHEMATICS MINOR

| Year | Semester | Paper | Course Content | Credit | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ | I | MT101M Theory | Foundations and Algebra | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | II | MT201M Theory | Linear Algebra and Geometry | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ | III | $\begin{gathered} \text { MT301M } \\ \text { Theory } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Calculus | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | IV | MT401M <br> Theory | Differential equations and Linear programming problems | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ | V | MT501M Theory | Real Analysis and Numerical Analysis | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | V | $\begin{gathered} \text { MT502M } \\ \text { Theory } \end{gathered}$ | Mechanics, Number theory and Complex Analysis | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | VI | MT601M Theory | Probability, Statistics and Theory of Integration | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | VI | MT602M <br> Theory+ <br> Practical | Python programming with practical | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \end{gathered}$ |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** |

(** to be finalised later on...)

## DETAILED COURSE CONTENT OF MATHEMATICS MINOR

## First Year

## SEMESTER I

## PAPER 1

## MT101M: Foundations and Algebra

$$
\text { Total Mark }=100(\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \text { Credit }=04
$$

## Unit-1

Statements, quantifiers, negation, compound statements (conjunction, disjunction, conditional and bi-conditional), contra-positive statement, proofs in Mathematics.

Brief review of sets, finite, countable and arbitrary union and intersection of sets; power set, cartesian product.

Equivalence relations, equivalence classes, partition, fundamental theorem of equivalence relation.

Functions, injection, surjection and bijection; image and pre-image of set under function, composition of functions, invertible functions.

## Unit-2

Inequalities involving arithmetic, geometric, and harmonic means, theorem on weighted means, Cauchy-Schwarz inequality, m-th power theorem, Weierstrass inequality and their applications.

Polynomials, The remainder and factor theorems, Synthetic division, Factored form of a polynomial, G.C.D. of polynomials, Fundamental theorem of algebra (statement only), Relations between the roots and the coefficients of polynomial equations, Imaginary roots, Integral and rational roots, irrational roots.

Transformation of equations, reciprocal equations, Descarte's rule of sign. Elementary theorems on the roots of an equations including Cardan'smethod of solution of cubics, Ferrari's method and Descarte's method of solution of quartics.

## Unit-3

Binary operations, groupoid, semigroup, monoid, Groups, Abelian groups, Examples of groups: viz matrix groups, general linear and special linear groups, groups of integers modulo n, group of units modulo n, and other examples of groups. Elementary properties of groups, subgroups, necessary and sufficient condition for subgroups, intersection, union and product of subgroups,
centre of agroup, centralizer of an element, subgroup generated by an element.

Unit-4

Cyclic groups, examples and various properties, generators of a cyclic group, Fundamental theorem of finite cyclic groups and it's applications; order of a group and order of an element and their properties,related theorems.

Rings, commutative rings, rings with unity, divisors of zero, integral domains, division rings, fields. Definition, examples, simple properties following from the definition. Subring, subfield, necessary and sufficient conditions for these, examples; characteristic of a ring.

## Suggested books:

4. Kumar A, Kumaresan S and Sarma B. K.: A foundation course in Mathematics; Narosa publications
5. Mapa S.K.: Classical Algebra; Levant publications
6. Khan R.M.: Algebra; NCBA
7. Gallian J.A.: Contemporary Abstract Algebra, Narosa Publications.

## SEMESTER II

## PAPER 2

## MT201M: Linear Algebra and Geometry

$$
\text { Total Mark }=100(\mathrm{IA}=40+\text { ESE }=60) \text { Credit }=04
$$

Unit-1
Matrices and System of linear equations(homogeneous and non-homogeneous), Matrix operations, Symmetric, skew-symmetric, orthogonal, Hermitian, skew- Hermitian and unitary matrices, Determinant of a square matrix, The inverse of a square matrix (upto order 3). Solution of system of linear equations by matrix method (upto order 3). Transpose of matrices. Elementary
operations and elementary matrices, Reduced Row-Echelon form and its relevance to system of linear systems. The rank of a matrix and its properties, applications of rank of a matrix in checking the consistency of a system of linear equations and solving the system if it is consistent.

Unit-2
Vector spaces, subspaces, algebra of subspaces, quotient spaces, linear combination of vectors, linear span, linear dependence and independence, basis and dimension. Sums, direct sums of subspaces.

Linear transformations, null space, range, rank and nullity of a linear transformation, matrix representation of a linear transformation. Algebra of linear transformations, isomorphisms, isomorphism theorems, invertibility and isomorphisms, change of coordinate matrix.

Eigen spaces of a linear operator, Characteristic polynomial, minimal polynomial for a linear operator. Cayley-Hamilton theorem.

## Unit-4

Transformation of rectangular axes, translation, rotation and their combinations, theory of invariants. General equation of second degree in two variables, reduction into canonical form, lengths and position of the axes.

Pair of straight lines: Condition that the general equation of second degree in two variables may represent a pair of straight lines. Point of intersection of two intersecting straight lines, angle between two lines given by $\mathrm{ax}^{2}+2 h x y+b y^{2}=0$, equation of bisectors of the anglebetween the pair of straight lines, equation of two lines joining the origin to the point in which two curves meet.

Polar coordinates, polar equation of straight lines, circles and conic referred to a focus as pole, equation of chord, tangent and normal.

## Unit-4

Planes: Distance of a point from a plane, Angle between two planes, pair of planes, Bisectors of angles between two planes; Straight lines: Equations of straight lines, Distance of a point from a straight line, Distance between two straight lines, Distance between a straight line and a plane; Spheres: Different forms, Intersection of two spheres, Orthogonal intersection, section of a sphere by a plane, great circle, sphere through a given circle, Tangents and normal, Radical plane, Radical line, Coaxial system of spheres, Pole, Polar and Conjugacy.

Classification of quadric surfaces, Cone, Cylinder, Central conicoids, Tangent plane, Normal, Polar planes, and Polar lines.

## Suggested books:

7. Mapa S.K.: Higher Algebra (Abstract and Linear); Levant publications
8. Khan R.M.: Algebra; NCBA
9. Sengupta S.B.: Coordinate geometry and vector analysis
10. Khan R.M.: Analytical geometry of two and three dimensions and vector analysis; NCBA
11. Loney S.L.: The elements of coordinate geometry; Arihant publications.
12. Fenn R: Geometry; Springer publications.

## SECOND YEAR

## SEMESTER III

## PAPER 3

## MT301M: Calculus

$$
\text { Total Mark }=100(\mathrm{IA}=40+\mathrm{ESE}=60) \text { Credit }=04
$$

Unit-1

Limits of functions (epsilon - $\delta$ approach), continuity, examples of continuous functions, intermediate value theorem, Differentiability and its geometrical interpretation, higher order derivatives, Leibniz rule and its applications. Rolle's theorem, Lagrange's mean value theorem, Cauchy's mean value theorem and their geometrical interpretations, Darboux's theorem. Indeterminate forms, L'Hospital's rule.

Unit-2

Taylor's theorem with Lagrange's form of remainder, Taylor's theorem with Cauchy's form of remainder, application of Taylor's theorem to convex functions, relative extrema. Taylor's series and Maclaurin's seriesexpansions of exponential and trigonometric functions.

Convexity and point of inflexion; Tangent and Normal; Curvature of plane curves; Asymptotes; Envelopes; Singular points.

Unit-3

Functions of several variables, limit and continuity of functions of two variables, repeated limits,
partial differentiation, chain rule, change of variables, total derivative, equality of mixed partial derivatives, Euler's theorem for homogeneous functions of two and three variables, converse of Euler's theorem, Jacobian, functional dependence.

Criteria for Maxima/ Minima/ Saddle points, method of Lagrange multipliers, constrained optimization problems.

## Unit-4

Double integration over rectangular and nonrectangular regions, Double integrals in polar coordinates, Triple integral over a parallelepiped and solid regions, Volume by triple integrals, Line integrals, Green's theorem, Area as a line integral, Surface integrals, Stokes' theorem, The Gauss divergence theorem.

## Suggested books:

6. Maity and Ghosh: Analysis (Differential Calculus); Central publications.
7. Shanti Narayan and Mittal P.K.: Differential Calculus, S. Chand publications.
8. Pundir S.K.: Mathematical Analysis; CBS publishers.
9. Klymchuk S: Counterexamples in Calculus; Mathematical Association of America.
10. Marsden, Tromba and Weinstein: Basic Multivariable Calculus; Springer.

## SEMESTER IV

## PAPER 4

## MT401M: Differential equations and Linear programming problems

$$
\text { Total Mark }=100(\mathbf{I A}=40+\text { ESE }=60) \text { Credit }=04
$$

Unit-1

Significance of ordinary differential equation. Geometrical and physical consideration. Formation of differential equation by elimination of arbitrary constant. Meaning of the solution of ordinary differential equation. Concept of linear and non-linear differential equations. Order and degree of an ordinary differential equation, Equations of first order and first degree : Statement of existence theorem. Separable, Homogeneous and Exact equation. Condition of exactness, Integrating factor. Rules of finding integrating factor, (statement of relevant results only),Equations reducible to first order linear equations.

Equations of first order but not of first degree, Clairaut's equation. Singular solution, Applications : Geometric applications, Orthogonal trajectories. Higher order linear equations with constant coefficients : Complementary function, Particular Integral, Symbolic operator D.

Method of undetermined co-efficients, Method of variation of parameters. Euler's homogeneous equation and Reduction to an equation of constant coefficients.

Unit-2
Exact differential equations of higher order, method of solution, Non-linear exact equations, linear equations of some special forms, Second order linear equations with variable coefficients, Reduction of order when one solution the homogeneous part is known. Complete solution. Method of variation of parameters.

Reduction to Normal form. Change of independent variable. Operational Factors. Simple eigenvalue problems. Simultaneous linear differential equations.

## Unit-3

Formulation, Canonical and standard forms, Graphical method; Convex and polyhedral sets, Hyperplanes, Extreme points; Basic solutions, Basic Feasible Solutions, Reduction of feasible solution to basic feasible solution, Correspondence between basic feasible solutions and extreme points; Slack and surplus variables, Standard form of an LPP.

Optimality criterion, Improving a basic feasible solution, Unboundedness, Unique and alternate optimal solutions; Simplex algorithm and its tableau format; Artificial variables, Two-phase method, Big- $M$ method.

## Unit-4

Formulation of the dual problem, primal-dual relationships, Duality theorems, Complimentary slackness theorem, Economic interpretation of the dual, Dual-simplex method.

Applications:
Transportation Problem: Definition and formulation, Methods of finding initial basic feasible solutions: Northwest-corner rule, Row minima, Column minima, matrix minima, Least- cost method, Vogel approximation method; Unbalanced transportation problems, Optimality tests for transportation problems and MODI method for obtaining optimal solution, degeneracy in transportation problems;

Assignment Problem: Mathematical formulation and Hungarian method.

## Suggested books:

8. Ross S.L.: Differential Equations, 3rd Ed., John Wiley and Sons, India, 2004.
9. Ahsan Z: Differential Equations \& their applications, Prentice Hall of India.
10. Raisinghania M.D.: Ordinary Differential Equations; S.Chand and Sons.
11. Raisinghania M.D.: Advanced Differential Equations; S. Chand and Sons.
12. Paul R. Thie \& Gerard E. Keough (2014). An Introduction to Linear Programming and Game Theory (3rd edition). Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
13. Frederick S. Hillier \& Gerald J. Lieberman (2015). Introduction to Operations Research (10th edition). McGraw-Hill Education.
14. J.G. Chakraborty and P.R.Ghosh; Linear Programming and Game theory; MoulikLibrary.
15. P.M.Karak; Linear Programming and theory of games; New Central Book Agency

## THIRD YEAR

## SEMESTER V

## PAPER 5

## MT501M: Real Analysis and Numerical Analysis

Total Mark $=100(\mathrm{IA}=\mathbf{4 0}+\mathrm{ESE}=\mathbf{6 0})$ Credit $=\mathbf{0 4}$
Unit-1

Review of algebraic and order properties of R , neighborhood of a point in R, idea of countable sets, uncountable sets and uncountability of R. Bounded above sets, bounded below sets, bounded sets, unbounded sets, supremum (l.u.b) and infimum (g.l.b), the completeness property of R, the Archimedean property, density of rational (and irrational) numbers in R , intervals in R. Limit points of a set, isolated points, derived sets, open and closed sets, closure of a set, BolzanoWeierstrass theorem for sets.

## Unit-2

Sequences, bounded sequence, convergent sequence, limit of a sequence, limit theorems, monotone sequences, monotone convergence theorem.

Subsequences, divergence criteria, monotone subsequence theorem (statement only), Bolzano Weierstrass theorem for sequences, Cauchy sequence, Cauchy's convergence criterion

Infinite series, convergence and divergence of infinite series, Cauchy criterion, tests for convergence: comparison test, limit comparison test, ratio test, Cauchy's nth root test, integral test, alternating series, Leibniz test, absolute and conditional convergence.

Unit-3
Approximate numbers, significant figures, errors: relative, absolute and percentage. rounding off, truncation. Definition and properties of finite difference operators, shift operator

Interpolation: Newton's forward, backward formulae, Lagrange's formula. related problems. Differentiation formula based on Newton forward and backward formula

Numerical integration : General quadrature formula - Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's $1 / 3$ rule, Simpson's 3/8 rule.

Unit-4

Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations : Taylor series method, Picard's method, Euler's method, modified Euler's method.

Transcendental and polynomial equations : bisection method, regula-falsi method, secant method, Newton-Raphson method, iteration method, rates of convergence of these methods, related problems.

System of linear algebraic equations: Gaussian Elimination and Gauss -Jordan methods including matrix inversion, Gauss- Seidel method and their convergence, related problems.

## Suggested books:

6. Bartle R.G.and Sherbert D.R., Introduction to Real Analysis, 3rd Ed., John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd., Singapore, 2002.
7. Kumar A and Kumaresan S: A basic course in Real Analysis, CRC Press.
8. Goldberg R.R.: Real Analysis.
9. Mukherjee Kalyan: Numerical Analysis; NCBA.
10. Mollah S.A.; Numerical Analysis and Computational procedures; Books and Allied Pvt. Ltd.
11. Scarborough J.B.; Numerical mathematical analysis; Oxford University Press.
12. Rao G.S. ; Numerical Analysis; New Age International.
13. Chakraborty and Ghosh; Numerical Analysis; U.N. Dhur and sons.

## PAPER - 6

## MT502M: Mechanics, Number theory and Complex Analysis

$$
\text { Total Mark }=100(\mathbf{I A}=40+\text { ESE }=60) \text { Credit }=04
$$

Unit-1

Expression for velocity and acceleration of particle moving in a straight line and in a planecurve.
Rectilinear motion of a particle under attractive force.
Simple Harmonic Motion, damped vibrations, forced vibration, damped forced oscillations Tangent and normal acceleration. Velocity and acceleration along radial and transverse directions.

Unit-2

Central orbits, central forces, motion of a particle under central force. Differential equation inpolar and pedal coordinates, velocity under central force. Apse, apsidal distance and apsidal angle. Motion in resisting medium. Areal velocity, Characteristics of central orbits, Kepler's laws of planetary motion.

Unit-3

The division algorithm, The greatest common divisor (g.c.d.) of two integers a and b. Relatively prime integers. The equation $a x+b y=c$ has integral solution iff $(a, b)$ divides $c$. ( $a, b, c$ are integers). Prime numbers. Euclid's first theorem: If some prime $p$ divides $a b$, then $p$ divides either $a$ or b. Euclid's second theorem: There are infinitely many prime integers. Unique factorization theorem. Statement Chinese Remainder Theorem and simple problems. Euler $\phi$ function.

Linear Diophantine equation, prime counting function, statement of prime number theorem, Goldbach conjecture, linear congruences, complete set of residues, Fermat's Little theorem,

Wilson's theorem.
Unit-4
Polar representation of complex numbers, De Moivre's theorem for rational indices, related problems, expansions of $\sin n \theta, \cos n \theta, \sin \theta, \cos \theta$, trigonometric, exponential and logarithmic functions of complex arguments, Gregory's series.

Algebra of complex numbers, polar representation of complex numbers, geometrical interpretation of argument and modulus of complex numbers, complex equations of straight lines, circles. Limits, continuity of functions of complex variable, regions in the complex plane.

Derivatives, differentiation formulae, Cauchy-Riemann equations, sufficient conditions for differentiability, analytic functions, examples of analytic functions, exponential function, Logarithmic function, trigonometric function.

## Suggested books:

7. Datta N. and Jana R.N.: Dynamics of a Particle.
8. Chakraborty and Ghosh: Dynamics of Particle and Rigid bodies; U N Dhur and Sons.
9. Loney, S. L., Elements of Statics \& Dynamics, Part I (Maxford Books, 2003).
10. Rao, S. Engineering Mechanics - Statics and Dynamics (Pearson Education, 2008).
11. Elementary Number Theory, David. M. Burton, MacGrawHill.
12. Malik S.B.: Basic Number Theory.
13. Ponnusamy S.: Foundations of Complex Analysis, Narosa Publishers.
14. Spiegel M.R.: Complex Analysis; McGraw Hill Publications.

## SEMESTER VI

## PAPER 7

## MT601M: Probability, Statistics and Theory of Integration

$$
\text { Total Mark }=100(\mathbf{I A}=40+\text { ESE }=60) \text { Credit }=04
$$

Unit-1
Brief review of Measures of Central Tendency. Measures of Dispersion: Definition, properties (without proof) and calculation of Range, Quartile Deviation, Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation and coefficient of variation. Definition and calculation of moments, skewness and kurtosis.

Correlation and Regression: Concept of bivariate frequency distribution, marginal frequency distribution and conditional frequency distribution. Pearson's correlation coefficient: Definition, properties and calculation. Regression: Definition and different properties, fitting of regression lines by method of least squares. Curve fitting: Second degree polynomial and exponential.

Unit-2

Probability :Different terminology regarding probability, Classical definition, Statistical definition and Axiomatic definition of probability. Addition theorem and multiplication theorem of probability.

Probability Distribution: One dimensional random variable and two dimensional random variable (Definition only), univariate and bivariate probability distribution, cumulative distribution function: definition and properties. Mathematical expectation, addition andmultiplication theorem of expectation, moment generating function and characteristic function. Marginal and conditional probability distribution. Regression curve.

Uniform, Bernoulli, Binomial, Poisson and Normal distribution.
Unit-3

Riemann integration; inequalities of upper and lower sums; Riemann conditions of integrability. Riemann sum and definition of Riemann integral through Riemann sums; equivalence of two definitions; Riemann integrability of monotone and continuous functions

Properties of the Riemann integral; definition and integrability of piecewise continuous and monotone functions. Intermediate Value theorem for Integrals; Fundamental theorems of Calculus,

Mean value theorems, Riemann integrability of composition of Riemann integrablefunctions.

## Unit-4

Reduction formulae, derivations and illustrations of reduction formulae of the type sinnx, cosnx, $\operatorname{tannx}, \operatorname{secnx}, \log \mathrm{x}$, sinmxcosnx etc. Working knowledge of Beta and Gamma integrals (assuming their convergence and other properties),

Improper integrals and their convergence, Beta and Gamma functions, related problems.

## Suggested books:

4. S.C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor: Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, Sultan Chand andSons.
5. Sheldon Ross: Introduction to Probability Models, 9th Ed., Academic Press, IndianReprint, 2007.
6. Medhi, J.: Statistical Methods: An introductory Text, (New Age International (P) Ltd, 2000).
7. Mapa S.K.: Real Analysis; Levant Publications
8. Maity and Ghosh: Analysis (Integral Calculus); NCBA
9. Bartle R.G. and Sherbert D.R.: Introduction to Real Analysis, 3rd Ed., John Wiley andSons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd., Singapore, 2002.

## PAPER 8

## MT602M: Python programming with practical

$$
\text { Total Mark }=100(\mathrm{IA}=40+\text { ESE }=60) \text { Credit }=04
$$

Unit-1

Introduction to Python Programming: Features, basic syntax, Writing and executing simple program, Basic Data Types such as numbers, strings, etc Declaring variables, Performing assignments, arithmetic operations, Simple input-output

Sequence Control - Precedence of operators, Type conversion Conditional Statements: if, if-else, nested if -else

Looping: for, while, nested loops
Unit-2
Control statements: Terminating loops, skipping specific conditionsString Manipulation: declaring strings, string functions Manipulating Collections Lists, Tuples

Dictionaries - Concept of dictionary, techniques to create, update \& delete dictionary items. Functions: Defining a function, calling a function, Advantages of functions, types of functions, function parameters, Formal parameters, Actual parameters, anonymous functions, global and local variables

## Practical

## Group-A

1. Ascending / Descending order. Finding Largest / smallest.
2. Sum of finite series.
3. Sum of Convergent series.
4. Checking whether a number is prime or not. Generation of prime numbers.
5. Solution of Quadratic equation
6. Mean, variance, correlation coefficient, equation of regression lines.
7. Operations on integers, matrices,
8. Drawing graphs of functions,
9. Generating diagrams of surface areas and volumes under surfaces of revolution.

## Group-B

1. Newton's forward interpolation formula.
2. Newton's Backward interpolation formula.
3. Lagrange interpolation formula.
4. Bisection method.
5. Newton-Raphson method.
6. Regula Falsi method.
7. Trapezoidal Rule.
8. Simpson's $1 / 3$ rule.

## Suggested books:

3. Yashavant Kanetkar, Aditya Kanetkar: Let Us Python, $5^{\text {th }}$ Edition, BPB Publications.
4. M. Lutz: Learning Python, $5{ }^{\text {th }}$ Edition, O'Reilly Media(2013).

## Tripura University

(A Central University)
Suryamaninagar
West Tripura

## Syllabus for

## Multidisciplinary courses in Mathematics, Statistics and Computer Science of

Four Years Undergraduate Programme
(As per NEP-2020)

Year - 2023

Tripura University
(A Central University)

## Course Structure of Multidisciplinary Courses in Mathematics, Statistics and Computer Applications

As per NEP-2020 under Tripura University

| Year | Semester | Paper | Credit | Marks | Unit-I | Unit-II | Unit-III |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ | I | Paper-1 <br> Theory | 3 | $\begin{gathered} 75 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=30+ \\ \mathrm{ESE}=75) \end{gathered}$ | Basic <br> Mathematics | Basic Statistics | Introduction to Computer Science |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ | III | Paper-2 <br> Theory | 3 | $\begin{gathered} 75 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=30+ \\ \mathrm{ESE}=75) \end{gathered}$ | Foundations of Mathematics | Foundations of Statistics | Foundations of Computer Science |
|  | IV | Paper-3 <br> Theory | 3 | $\begin{gathered} 75 \\ (\mathrm{IA}=30+ \\ \mathrm{ESE}=75) \end{gathered}$ | Theory of Matrices and their applications | Theory of distributions | Computer programming and software packages |

## DETAILED COURSE CONTENT

## $1^{\text {st }}$ Year

## SEMESTER-I

## Paper-1(Theory)

Total Mark: 75 (IA: 30 + ESE: 45); Credit = 03

## Unit 1 (Basic Mathematics) (Credit 1)

Statements, quantifiers, negation, compound statements (conjunction, disjunction, conditional and biconditional), contra-positive statement, proofs in Mathematics.Sets, union, intersection of sets, complement of a set, subsets, power set.Relations, reflexive, symmetric, anti-symmetric, transitive relations, Equivalence relations, equivalence classes, partial order relation.Functions; domain, co-domain and range of a function; injection, surjection and bijection; composition of functions, invertible functions.

## Unit 2 (Basic Statistics) (Credit 1)

Introduction, Sample Spaces, Events, Measures of Central tendency, Probability of an Event, Some Rules of Probability, Conditional Probability, Independent Events, Bayes’ Theorem, Probability Distributions, Continuous Random Variables, Probability Density Functions, Multivariate Distributions.

## Unit 3 (Introduction to Computer Science) (Credit 1)

History of Computers, evaluation of computers, Generations of computers, Structure of computers (H/w and S/w), types, Applications of computers, Idea of the algorithm, Basics of Programming language, Internet, How to use basic Office Packages (Word/Excel/Powerpoint), Introduction to opensource software.

## Suggested Books:

1. A. Kumar, S. Kumaresan and B. K. Sarma: A foundation course in Mathematics; Narosa publications.
2. S.K. Mapa: Classical Algebra; Levant publications.
3. R. M. Khan: Algebra; NCBA.
4. John E. Freund, Mathematical Statistics, Printice-Hall International, New Delhi, Ed.5, 1994.
5. B.L. Agarwal, Basic Statistics, New Age International Limited, New Delhi, Ed.2, 1994.
6. W. Feller, An introduction to Probability Theoryand its Applications, Vol.1, Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi, Ed. 8, 1991.
7. Introduction to Computer Science, 2/e , ITL Education Solutions Limited, ISBN 9788131760307, Imprint Pearson Education, Copyright 2011.
8. Priti Sinha and Pradeep Sinha, Computer Fundamentals Concepts Systems and Applications 8th Edition, BPB Publishers.

## $2^{\text {nd }}$ Year

## SEMESTER-III

Paper-2(Theory)

$$
\text { Total Marks: } 75 \text { (IA :30 + ESE:45); Credit=03 }
$$

## Unit 1 (Foundations of Mathematics) (Credit 1)

Binomial theorem, General term, middle term, problems based on these concepts; sequences and series (Progressions). Fundamental principle of counting; Factorial n; Permutations and combinations; simple applications. Inequalities involving arithmetic, geometric, and harmonic means, CauchySchwarz inequality and their applications.

## Unit 2 (Foundations of Statistics)(Credit 1)

Introduction to Mathematical Expectation, The Expected Value of a Random Variable, Moments, Chebyshev's Theorem, Moment-Generating Functions, Product Moments, Moments of Linear Combinations of Random Variables, Conditional Expectations, the Discrete Uniform Distribution, the Binomial Distribution, the Negative Binomial and Geometric Distributions, the Poisson Distribution.

## Unit 3 (Foundations of Computers)(Credit 1)

Fundamentals of Computers, Binary Number System, Basics of algorithms and Flow chart, Introduction to C Programming (Keywords, identifiers, variables, constants, input/output statement in C, operators in C, decision control and looping statements, arrays, and strings.), Computation with spreadsheet(Basic Mathematical calculations, Data management using excel-sorting, filtering, validation, basic excel functions, cell referencing, formulas, cell formatting, working with chart, spreadsheet protection)

## Suggested Books:

1. S.K. Mapa: Classical Algebra; Levant publications.
2. R.M. Khan: Algebra; NCBA.
3. John E. Freund, Mathematical Statistics, Printice-Hall International, New Delhi, Ed.5, 1994.
4. B.L. Agarwal, Basic Statistics, New Age International Limited, New Delhi, Ed.2, 1994.
5. W. Feller, An introduction to Probability Theoryand its Applications, Vol.1, Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi, Ed. 8, 1991.
6. Reema Thareja, Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C, Oxford Higher education.
7. Yashavant Kanetkar, Let Us C, BPB Publishers.

## SEMESTER-IV

Paper-3(Theory)
Total Marks: 75 (IA :30 + ESE:45); Credit=03

## Unit 1 (Theory of Matrices and their Applications) (Credit 1)

Basic concepts of matrices, multiplication of matrices by scalars, addition and multiplication of matrices, transpose, trace and determinant of a matrix, inverse of a matrix (up to order3), System of linear equations, solution by Cramer's rule, Solution of system of linear equations by matrix method (up to order3).Elementaryoperationsandelementarymatrices,ReducedRowEchelonformanditsrelevanceto systemof linearsystems. The rank of a matrix and applications of rank of a matrix in checking theconsistencyofasystem oflinear equationsandsolvingthe system ifit isconsistent.

## Unit 2 (Theory of Distributions) (Credit 1)

GammaDistribution, ExponentialDistribution, Chi-Square Distribution, Beta Distribution, Normal Distribution.Distribution of the Mean, Finite Populations, Chi-Square Distribution, t- Distribution.

## Unit 3 (Computer Programming and Software Packages) (Credit 1)

Motivation for Computing/Programming, Introduction to Python basics, Variables and Expressions, Conditional Code, Loops and Iteration, Functions, Lists, Tuples and Conditionals, Sorting, Searching, File handling, data handling, Using it for statistical calculations. Introduction to statistical packages like R and SPSS.

## Suggested Books:

1. S.K. Mapa: Higher Algebra(Abstract and Linear); Levant publications.
2. R.M. Khan: Algebra; NCBA.
3. John E. Freund, Mathematical Statistics, Printice-Hall International, New Delhi, Ed.5, 1994.
4. B.L. Agarwal, Basic Statistics, New Age International Limited, New Delhi, Ed.2, 1994.
5. W. Feller, An introduction to Probability Theory and its Applications, Vol.1, Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi, Ed. 8, 1991.
6. Eric Matthes, Python Crash Course: A Hands-On, Project-Based Introduction to Programming (2nd Edition).
7. Paul Barry, Head-First Python: A Brain-Friendly Guide (2nd Edition).
